# **SYLLABUS**

# 1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education	Babes-Bolyai University
institution	
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Physics
1.3 Department	Department of Physics – Hungarian Line of Study
1.4 Field of study	Physics
1.5 Study cycle	Master
1.6 Study programme /Qualification	Computational Physics / High Energy Physics

# 2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline   Object Oriented Programming and Applications in Physics / Programming for HEP							
2.2 Course coordinate	or	L	_ázár	Zsolt Iosif			
2.3 Seminar coordinator Lázár Zsolt Iosif							
2.4. Year of study	1	2.5 Semestei	r 2	2.6. Type of evaluation	Ε	2.7 Type of discipline	Fundamental

# 3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	3	Of which: 3.2 cou	ırse	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	1
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	42	Of which: 3.5 cou	ırse	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	14
Time allotment:						hours
Learning using manual, course suppo	ort, bi	bliography, course	notes			30
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					14	
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					50	
Tutorship					10	
Evaluations					4	
Other activities:						
3.7 Total individual study hours 108					•	
3.8 Total hours per semester 150						
3.9 Number of ECTS credits 6						

# 4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	
4.2. competencies	knowledge of basic algorithms, basic programming competences

# 5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	board, projector
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	board, projector, computers

## 6. Specific competencies acquired

- Using in-depth knowledge of physics, mathematics, and programming in various multi- and inter-disciplinary fields.
- Applying computational methods to understand complex scientific phenomena.
- Independently apply the achieved knowledge to define and formulate research problems in the computational chemistry and physics fields, use information retrieval, data collection, experiment and/or computer methods to solve such problems.
- Advanced skills in modeling molecular systems, statistical and solid-state physics systems using computers.
- Ability to critically analyse and evaluate scientific models.

# Fransversal competences

Specific competences

- Accomplishment of professional tasks in an effective and responsible manner, in compliance with the fieldspecific legislation and code of ethics.
- Ability to work in projects, and also to plan and lead projects.
- Effective use of information sources, as well as communication and professional-assisted training resources in both mother tongue and English.

## 7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	Students should acquire basic knowledge about modern information technologies and their employment in scientific research
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	Students will acquire knowledge and understanding of:  • fundamental concepts of OOP (object, class, interface, data hiding, polymorphism, inheritance, constructor, etc.)  • generalities on OOP methodologies and their specific Java implementations  • Unified Modeling Language  • designing and implementing graphical user interfaces, events and exceptions  • design patterns  • basic OOP particularities of C++  • basic OOP particularities of Python  • modern tools for scientific computing  Students will acquire skills for:  • analysis and modeling of complex problems

### 8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
The software development process, software reuse, programming languages, static and dynamic typing, subtyping, the OpenSource movement.	oral presentation	
Non-procedural programming. Procedural programming. Object-oriented programming.		
Classes, instances, objects, constructors. Data hiding. Interfaces. Object composition. Inheritance. Polymorphism. Reusability. OOP planning and design.	oral presentation, demonstration	

vectors. Type casting, Modifiers. Interfaces. Inheritance. Polymorphism Visibility modifiers. Class variables, instance variables. Abstract classes. Other modifiers. Errors and exceptions. Try-Catch-Finally clause.  Throwable objects. Catchable vs non-catchable exceptions. Rules and practices. What is UML? Use case-, class-, sequence-, activity diagrams.  What are design patterns? Classification of DP. Examples of DP (Singleton, MVC, etc)  What is UML? Use case-, class-, sequence-, activity diagrams.  What are design patterns? Classification of DP. Examples of DP (Singleton, MVC, etc)  What will be used to the controls buttons, textfields, etc., Layout managers. Event handling: Events and listeners. Windows and mouse listeners. Adapters, Handling the event.  History, scope, advantages, disadvantages. Syntax, pointers, references. Constructors, desctructors, visibility, multiple inheritance, Genericity. Input-Output. Exception and Error handling  History, scope, advantages, disadvantages. Syntax, basic features. OOP in python, Scientific Python, C-Python interface  The software development process, software reuse, programming anguages, static and dynamic typing, subtyping, the OpenSource movement.  Non-procedural programming. Procedural programming, Object-oriented programming.  Classes, instances, objects, constructors. Data hiding, Interfaces. Object composition, Inheritance. Polymorphism, Reusability, OOP planning and design.  What is Java? Why Java? Basic syntax. Classes. Constructors. Variables. Operators, Methods. Control flow Primitive data types. Strings. Arrays and vectors. Type casting, Modifiers, Interfaces, Inheritance, Polymorphism visibility modifiers. Class variables, instance variables. Abstract classes.  Other modifiers. Errors and exceptions. Try-Catch-Finally daluse.  Throwable objects. Catchable vs non-catchable exceptions. Rules and non-caticae.  What is UML? Use case-, class-, sequence-, activity diagrams.  AWT and Swing, Frames and panels. Controls: buttons, textfields, etc., acaputers, Ha		
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# Bibliography

- 1. Java Documentation, <a href="http://java.sun.com/docs/">http://java.sun.com/docs/</a>
- 2. Unified Modeling Language, <a href="http://www.uml.org">http://www.uml.org</a>
- 3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, Design Patterns sabloane de proiectare, Teora, 2002
- 4. MULLER, P., Introduction to Object Oriented Programming in C++,

http://www.zib.de/Visual/people/mueller/Course/Tutorial/tutorial.html

- 5. Python Programming Language, <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- 6. Lewis, J. Loftus, W., Java Software Solutions: Foundations of Program Design, Addison-Wesley (2002)

8.2 Laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
The tasks will follow the same topic	Students will follow step by step the procedure	
order as on the course	undertaken by the instructor. The screen of the	
	instructor's computer will be mirrored to the	
	projector.	
	Students will present specially selected and agreed upon topics.	
	Students will perfect and present a personal/group software development project wherein they will	
	demonstrate the usage of the learned technologies.	

9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

The content of the discipline is consistent with courses of similar content from other foreign academic centers. To adapt to the demands of the labor market, the content of the discipline has been harmonized with the requirements of the pre-university education, research institutes and the business environment.

## 10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the
			grade (%)
10.4 Course	End of year examination	Written theoretic and practical	40
		exam	
10.5 Seminar/lab activities	Presentation of a chosen topics	Evaluation of the presentation	15
	Homeworks	Assessing the level of completion	15
		and quality of the homework.	
	Personal/group project	Evaluation of the presentation	30
		·	

# 10.6 Minimum performance standards

Homework assignments will be turned in every week. Completing and understanding the homework assignments is essential to performing well on the exams and mastering this challenging subject.

Date Of approval

Date of approval

11.05.2023

Signature of course coordinator

Signature of laboratory coordinator

Signature of the head of department

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